

BUFFALO BITS

Location: Boulder, Colo.

Population: 101,547

Enrollment: 28,624

Founded: 1876

Colors: Silver, Gold & Black

Mascot: Ralphie IV (live buffalo)

Stadium: Folsom Field

Year Opened: 1924 (Nov. 1)

Surface: Grass (SportGrass 1999)

Capacity: 53,750

Elevation: 5,440 ft.

Games Played (116 seasons): 1,088

All-Time Record: 650-402-36 (.614)

2005 Overall Record: 7-6

Conference: Big 12 (1 title)

Year Joined: 1996

All-Time Record: 48-32 (10 seasons)

2005 Record: 5-3 (1st/North)

President: Hank Brown (Colorado '61)

Chancellor: Dr. Bud Peterson (Kansas State '75)

Provost: Dr. Phil DiStefano (Ohio State '68)

Faculty Representative: Dr. David Clough
(Case Institute '68)

Vice Chancellor (Student Affairs): Ron Stump
(Northern Michigan '69)

Athletic Director: Mike Bohn (Kansas '83)

Head Coach: Dan Hawkins (UC-Davis '84)

Record at CU: 0-0 (first season)

Career Record: 92-23-1 (10 seasons)

Office Phone: 303/492-5330

Best Time To Call: 10 a.m.-Noon Mon.
2:30-3:15 T-W-Th

Administrative Assistant: Megan Rogers

Sports Information

Director: David Plati

Office Telephone: 303/492-5626

FAX: 303/492-3811

Press Box: 303/492-3209, 5626

Mailing Address: 357 UCB,
Boulder, CO 80309-0357

E-mail: david.plati@colorado.edu

Website: www.CUBuffs.com

Assistant (Football):

Erich Schubert (303/726-9432)

University Telephone Numbers

Switchboard: 303/492-1411

Athletic Department: 303/492-7931

Football Office: 303/492-5331

Sports Medicine: 303/492-3801

Ticket Office: 303/492-8337

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Pronunciation Guide	26
Big 12 Conference, Bowl Schedules	27
University of Colorado	28
Mascot/Nickname	30
Folsom Field	32
Administration	34
Football Staff	38
2006 Outlook	50
Roster/Depth Chart	54
Player Biographies	58
2004 In-Review	112
Abbreviated Records	134
Year-By-Year Leaders	141
Record/Results-By-Season	144
All-Time Series Results	160
Bowl History	165
Honors/Awards	166
Letterman	180
Coaching Records	189
In-The-Pros	192
CU Staff Directory	206
Media Information	208



2006 SCHEDULE

Date	Opponent	TV	Time (MT)	2004 Record	2006 Meeting (Last)	Series	(Last 10)
SEPT. 2	MONTANA STATE	none	1:30 p.m.	7-4	4th (1927)	1-2-0	(.....)
Sept. 9	Colorado State (Denver)	CSTV	3:00 p.m.	6-6	78th (2005)	57-18-2	(7-3)
SEPT. 16	ARIZONA STATE	TBS	5:00 p.m.	7-5	1st (.....)	0-0-0	(.....)
Sept. 23	at Georgia	tba	TBA	10-3	1st (.....)	0-0-0	(.....)
Sept 30	*at Missouri	tba	TBA	7-5	71st (2005)	31-36-3	(7-3)
OCT. 7	*BAYLOR (<i>H</i>)	tba	TBA	5-6	14th (2003)	8-5-0	(7-3)
OCT. 14	*TEXAS TECH (<i>FW</i>)	tba	TBA	9-3	8th (2003)	3-4-0	(.....)
Oct. 21	*at Oklahoma	tba	TBA	8-4	57th (2004)	16-38-2	(5-4-1)
Oct. 28	*at Kansas	tba	TBA	7-5	66th (2005)	41-21-3	(8-2)
NOV. 4	*KANSAS STATE	tba	TBA	5-6	62nd (2005)	43-17-1	(5-5)
NOV. 11	*IOWA STATE	tba	TBA	7-5	60th (2005)	46-13-1	(8-2)
Nov. 24	*at Nebraska	ABC	1:30 p.m.	8-4	65th (2005)	17-45-2	(3-7)
Dec. 2	Big 12 Championship Game	ABC	6:00 p.m.		at Kansas City, Mo. (Arrowhead Stadium)		

OPEN WEEKEND: Nov. 18. All times mountain. *—Big 12 Conference game; (*H*)—Homecoming; (*FW*)—Family Weekend. tba—to be announced (games on the selection menu of ABC and/or FOX Sports Net/TBS; those networks have contracts with the Big 12 Conference which allow them to announce their plans up to 12 days in advance (and two times a year, six days in advance), and those games not selected will likely not be televised).

RADIO: All games broadcast locally on the Colorado Football Network. National broadcasts in 2006 to be announced.

2006 ROAD HEADQUARTERS

Game	Dates	Hotel	Address	Telephone	*Rate	#Min.
Georgia	Sept. 22-23	Marriott Gwinnett Place	1775 Pleasant Hill Road, Duluth, Ga.	770/923-1775	\$ 120	60
Missouri	Sept. 29-30	Holiday Inn Select	2300 I-70 Drive SW, Columbia, Mo.	573/445-8531	\$ 90	10
Oklahoma	Oct. 20-21	Embassy Suites	1815 S. Meridian, Oklahoma City, Okla.	405/682-6000	\$ 95	40
Kansas	Oct. 27-28	DoubleTree Hotel	10100 College Avenue, Overland Park, Kan.	913/451-6100	\$ 100	40
Nebraska	Nov. 23-24	Cornhusker Inn	333 S. 13th Street, Lincoln, Neb.	402/474-7474	\$ 95	5

(*—approximate rate for media traveling with the team, if arranged through SID office; #—minutes from hotel to stadium.)

FUTURE SCHEDULES

2007

S 1 Colorado State (Denver)
S 8 at Arizona State
S15 FLORIDA STATE
S22 MIAMI, OHIO
S29 *OKLAHOMA (H)
O 6 *at Baylor
O13 *at Kansas State
O20 *KANSAS (FW)
O27 *at Texas Tech
N 3 *MISSOURI
N10 *at Iowa State
N23 *NEBRASKA

2008

A30 Colorado State (Denver)
S 6 HOME TBA
S13 NORTH CAROLINA
S20 at Florida State
Big 12 Games
(October 4-on; dates TBA)
IOWA STATE
KANSAS STATE
OKLAHOMA STATE
TEXAS
at Kansas
at Missouri
at Nebraska
at Texas A & M

2009

S 5 #Colorado State
S12 at Miami, Ohio
S19 WYOMING
S26 at North Carolina
Big 12 Games
(October 3-on; dates TBA)
KANSAS
MISSOURI
NEBRASKA
TEXAS A & M
at Iowa State
at Kansas State
at Oklahoma State
at Texas

2010

S 4 #Colorado State
S11 at California
S18 HOME TBA
O 2 GEORGIA
Big 12 Games
(October 9-on; dates TBA)
BAYLOR
IOWA STATE
KANSAS STATE
TEXAS TECH
at Kansas
at Missouri
at Nebraska
at Oklahoma

2011

S 3 #Colorado State
S10 CALIFORNIA
S17 TBA
S 24 TBA
Big 12 Games
(October 1-on; dates TBA)
KANSAS
MISSOURI
NEBRASKA
OKLAHOMA
at Baylor
at Iowa State
at Kansas State
at Texas Tech

FW—Family Weekend; H—Homecoming; *—Big 12 Conference game (dates for 2008-2011 to be announced this fall); #—site to be determined.

2005 RESULTS (7-6, 5-3 BIG 12)

Date	CU*	Opponent	Opp*	TV	Result	2005 Record
S 3	NR	COLORADO STATE	NR	TBS	W 31-28	6-6
S 10	NR	NEW MEXICO STATE (FN)	NR	FSN	W 39-0	0-12
S 24	NR	at Miami, Fla.	12	ABC	L 3-23	9-3
O 1	NR	✠at Oklahoma State	NR	none	W 34-0	4-7
O 8	NR	✠TEXAS A & M (H)	NR	FSN	W 41-20	5-6
O 15	24	✠at Texas	2	ABC	L 17-42	13-0
O 22	NR	✠KANSAS (FW)	NR	PPV	W 44-13	7-5
O 29	NR	✠at Kansas State	NR	none	W 23-20	5-6
N 5	25	✠MISSOURI	NR	ABC	W 41-12	7-5
N 12	22	✠at Iowa State	NR	FSN	L 16-30	7-5
N 25	NR	✠NEBRASKA	NR	ABC	L 3-30	8-4
D 3	NR	✠Texas (Big 12 Championship)	2	ABC	L 3-70	13-0
D 27	NR	Clemson (Champs Sports Bowl)	23	ESPN	L 10-19	8-4

(KEY: *—AP rank at game time; ✠—Big 12 Conference game; ✠—at Houston; FW—Fireworks Night; H—Homecoming; FW—Family Weekend)

CREDITS

Copyright 2006©, University of Colorado Athletics. The 2006 Football Media Guide was produced through the combined efforts of the Sports Information Office and Whirlwind Graphics. The guide was written, designed and edited by David Plati, CU associate athletic director, and Erich Schubert, graduate assistant. Cover photo by Chip Bromfield; back and inside covers by Tim Benko with aerial of Folsom Field by Mark Brodie. Photographers include Benko, Bill Brittain, Brodie, Bromfield, the Buffalo Bills, Casey A. Cass, Cliff Grassmick, Brian Lewis, Ryan McKee/Clarkson & Assoc., Dan Madden, Hal Stoelze and Zemi Photography. Formatting, scanning and layout provided by Linda Hall of Whirlwind Graphics. Printed by Pioneer Press in Greeley, Colo. The University of Colorado at Boulder is an equal opportunity/affirmative action institution. **Player wardrobes furnished by Kaufman's Tall and Big Store, ties provided by the Buffalo River Clothing Company.**

PRONUNCIATION GUIDE

Coaches/Staff

Andy AVALOS (ave-uh-loas)
Brian CABRAL (cuh-browl)
Mark HELFRICH (hel-fritch)
Eric KIESAU (key-saw)
ROMEO Bandison (row-may-oh)
Chris STRAUSSER (straw-sir)

Players

Paul BACKOWSKI (buh-cow-ski)
B.J. BEATTY (bay-tee)
Jake BEHRENS (bear-ens)
QUINTON Borders (quinn-tin)
Walter BOYE-DOE (boy-doe)
CHA'PELL Brown (shuh-pell)
JALIL Brown (juh-leal)
Chad CUSWORTH (cuss-worth)
Patrick DEVENNY (duh-vain-E)
Tyson DeVREE (duh-vree)
Matt DiLALLO (di-lah-low)
Jordon DIZON (dye-zonn)
Justin DRESCHER (dresh-er)
Erick FAATAGI (fuh-tah-gee)
Dan GOETTSCH (getch)
MARQUEZ HERROD (mar-qwez her-rod)
George HYPOLITE (hip-puh-light)
Samson JAGORAS (juh-gore-us)
TAJ Kaynor (as in Taj Mahal)
Alex LIGON (lee-gone)
Kevin MOYD (moid, as in void)
Justin NONU (no-new)
Wes PALAZZI (puh-lozz-E)
Tyler POLUMBUS (as in Columbus)
STEPHONE Robinson (steff-on)
Michael SIPILI (sih-pil-E)
Nate SOLDER (sold-er)
JARRELL Yates (juh-rell)

2006 BIG 12 COMPOSITE SCHEDULE

August 31

Toledo at Iowa State 6:00 p.m.

September 2

Montana State at **Colorado** 1:30 p.m.
North Texas at Texas (FSN) 10:00 a.m.
Louisiana Tech at Nebraska (FSN) 1:30 p.m.
Alabama-Birmingham at Oklahoma (TBS) 5:00 p.m.
The Citadel at Texas A&M 5:00 p.m.
Missouri State at Oklahoma State 5:00 p.m.
Murray State at Missouri 5:00 p.m.
Northwestern State at Kansas 5:00 p.m.
SMU at Texas Tech 5:00 p.m.
Illinois State at Kansas State 5:10 p.m.

September 3

TCU at Baylor (FSN) 3:30 p.m.

September 9

Colorado State vs. **Colorado** (in Denver; CSTV) 3:00 p.m.
Mississippi at Missouri (FSN) 10:30 a.m.
Washington at Oklahoma (ABC) 1:30 p.m.
Louisiana-Lafayette at Texas A&M 5:00 p.m.
Louisiana-Monroe at Kansas 5:00 p.m.
Northwestern State at Baylor 5:00 p.m.
Oklahoma State vs. Arkansas State @ Little Rock (ESPN2) 5:00 p.m.
UNLV at Iowa State 5:00 p.m.
Florida Atlantic at Kansas State 5:10 p.m.
Ohio State at Texas (ABC) 6:00 p.m.
Texas Tech at UTEP (CSTV) 7:00 p.m.
Nicholls State at Nebraska TBA

September 15

Kansas at Toledo (ESPN2) 6:00 p.m.

September 16

Arizona State at **Colorado** (TBS) 5:00 p.m.
Iowa State at Iowa (ESPN) 10:00 a.m.
Marshall at Kansas State (FSN) 10:30 a.m.
Oklahoma at Oregon (ABC) 1:30 p.m.
Texas at Rice (ESPN2) 4:00 p.m.
Texas Tech at TCU (CSTV) 4:30 p.m.
Florida Atlantic at Oklahoma State 5:00 p.m.

Missouri at New Mexico (MWC TV) 6:00 p.m.
Nebraska at Southern California (ABC) 6:00 p.m.
Army vs. Texas A&M (at San Antonio; ESPN2) 7:00 p.m.
Baylor vs. Washington State @ Seattle TBA

September 23

Colorado at Georgia TBA
*Iowa State at Texas TBA
Army at Baylor 5:00 p.m.
Louisiana Tech at Texas A&M 5:00 p.m.
South Florida at Kansas 5:00 p.m.
Oklahoma State at Houston (CSTV) 7:00 p.m.
Louisville at Kansas State TBA
Ohio at Missouri TBA
Troy at Nebraska TBA
Middle Tennessee State at Oklahoma TBA
SE Louisiana at Texas Tech TBA

September 30

***Colorado** at Missouri TBA
*Texas Tech at Texas A&M 5:00 p.m.
*Kansas at Nebraska TBA
*Kansas State at Baylor TBA
Northern Iowa at Iowa State 5:00 p.m.
Sam Houston at Texas TBA

October 7

*Baylor at **Colorado** TBA
*Missouri at Texas Tech TBA
*Nebraska at Iowa State TBA
*Oklahoma vs. Texas @ Dallas TBA
*Oklahoma State at Kansas State TBA
*Texas A&M at Kansas TBA

October 14

*Texas Tech at **Colorado** TBA
*Baylor at Texas TBA
*Iowa State at Oklahoma TBA
*Missouri at Texas A&M TBA
*Nebraska at Kansas State TBA
*Oklahoma State at Kansas TBA

October 21

***Colorado** at Oklahoma TBA

*Texas Tech at Iowa State TBA
*Kansas at Baylor TBA
*Kansas State at Missouri TBA
*Texas at Nebraska TBA
*Texas A&M at Oklahoma State TBA

October 28

***Colorado** at Kansas TBA
*Iowa State at Kansas State TBA
*Nebraska at Oklahoma State TBA
*Oklahoma at Missouri TBA
*Texas at Texas Tech TBA
*Texas A&M at Baylor TBA

November 4

*Kansas State at **Colorado** TBA
*Baylor at Texas Tech TBA
*Kansas at Iowa State TBA
*Missouri at Nebraska TBA
*Oklahoma at Texas A&M TBA
*Oklahoma State at Texas TBA

November 11

*Iowa State at **Colorado** TBA
*Baylor at Oklahoma State TBA
*Nebraska at Texas A&M TBA
*Texas at Kansas State TBA
*Texas Tech at Oklahoma TBA

November 18

*Missouri at Iowa State TBA
*Kansas State at Kansas TBA
*Oklahoma at Baylor TBA
*Oklahoma at State at Texas Tech TBA

November 24

***Colorado** at Nebraska (ABC) 1:30 p.m.
*Texas A&M at Texas (ABC) 10:00 a.m.

November 25

*Kansas at Missouri (ABC) 10:00 a.m.
*Oklahoma at Oklahoma State (FSN) 12:30 p.m.

December 2

Big 12 Championship Game at Kansas City, Mo. (ABC) 6:00 p.m.

*—denotes Big 12 Conference game; all times listed are mountain. Television selections Sept. 23 and beyond will be made 12 days in advance by the Big 12 television partners (ABC, Fox Sports Network, TBS); ABC has an option of utilizing 6-day picks three times over the course of the season. ABC's standard window is at 1:30 p.m. MT for regional telecasts and also has potential prime-time opportunities (6 p.m. MT) on Oct. 7 and Nov. 4-11-18; games selected will be from the Big 12, ACC or Big East. Prime-time broadcasts on the Fox Sports regional networks are usually national, with most if not all of its 13 networks cleared for the broadcast; syndicated broadcasts in the morning are usually confined solely to the Big 12 region. TBS shares Saturday night prime time broadcasts with Fox Sports Network and will air games on Sept. 2-16, Oct. 7-14-28 and Nov. 4; FSN dates are Sept. 9-23-30, Oct. 21 and Nov. 11-18.

2006 COLLEGE BOWL SCHEDULE

Date	Bowl	Participants	Time (MST)
Tues., Dec. 19	Poinsettia	Mountain West vs. At-large	6:00 p.m.
Thurs., Dec. 21	Las Vegas	Mountain West vs. Pac-10	6:00 p.m.
Fri., Dec. 22	New Orleans	Sun Belt (#1) vs. Conference USA	6:00 p.m.
Sat., Dec. 23	New Mexico	Mountain West vs. WAC	2:30 p.m.
Sat., Dec. 23	Birmingham	Big East vs. Conference USA	11:00 a.m.
Sat., Dec. 23	Fort Worth	Conference USA vs. Mountain West	6:00 p.m.
Sun., Dec. 24	Hawaii	Pacific 10 vs. WAC	6:00 p.m.
Tues., Dec. 26	Motor City	Mid-American (#1 or 2) vs. Big 10	5:30 p.m.
Wed., Dec. 27	Emerald	ACC vs. Pac-10	6:00 p.m.
Thurs., Dec. 28	Independence	Big 12 (#7) vs. SEC	2:30 p.m.
Thurs., Dec. 28	Holiday	Big 12 (#3) vs. Pac-10 (#2)	6:00 p.m.
Thurs., Dec. 28	Texas	Big 12 (#8) vs. Big East or Conference USA	6:00 p.m.
Fri., Dec. 29	Music City	ACC vs. SEC	11:00 a.m.
Fri., Dec. 29	Sun	Big 12 (#4) or Big East/Notre Dame vs. Pac-10 (#3)	12:00 p.m.
Fri., Dec. 29	Liberty	Conference USA (#1) vs. Mountain West (#1)	2:30 p.m.
Fri., Dec. 29	Insight	Big 12 (#6) vs. Big Ten	6:30 p.m.
Fri., Dec. 29	Champs Sports	ACC vs. Big Ten	3:00 p.m.
Sat., Dec. 30	Meineke Car Care	ACC vs. Big East/Navy	9:00 a.m.
Sat., Dec. 30	Alamo	Big 12 (#5) vs. Big 10 (#4)	6:00 p.m.
Sat., Dec. 30	Peach	ACC vs. SEC	5:30 p.m.
Sun., Dec. 31	MPC Computers	ACC vs. WAC	5:30 p.m.
Mon., Jan. 1	Outback	Big 10 vs. SEC	9:00 a.m.
Mon., Jan. 1	Cotton	Big 12 (#2) vs. SEC (#3)	9:30 a.m.
Mon., Jan. 1	Gator	Big 12 (#4) or Big East/Notre Dame vs. ACC	11:00 a.m.
Mon., Jan. 1	Capital One	Big 10 (#2) vs. SEC (#2)	11:00 a.m.
Mon., Jan. 1	Rose	◆Bowl Championship Series	3:00 p.m.
Mon., Jan. 1	Fiesta	◆Bowl Championship Series	6:30 p.m.
Tues., Jan. 2	Orange	◆Bowl Championship Series	6:00 p.m.
Wed., Jan. 3	Sugar	◆Bowl Championship Series	6:00 p.m.
Sat., Jan. 6	International	Big East vs. Mid-American	10:00 a.m.
Sun., Jan. 7	GMAC	Conference USA (#2) vs. MAC or WAC	6:00 p.m.
Mon., Jan. 8		BCS National Championship (BCS #1 vs. #2, Glendale, Ariz., 6:00 p.m., FOX)	

◆**Bowl Championship Series:** The BCS is a five-game arrangement that is designed to match the two top-rated teams in a national championship game and to create competitive match-ups in four other games. The Fiesta (Big 12), Orange (ACC), Rose (Big 10 and Pac-10) and Sugar (SEC) bowls have conference champions serving as host/regional tie-in teams. Should a BCS Bowl's "host" be ranked No. 1 or 2 in the final BCS Standings, when such bowl is not hosting the national championship game, the No. 1 or 2 team shifts to the title game and the bowl shall select a replacement team from the pool of eligible BCS teams. That pool consists of any Division I-A team ranked in the top 14 in the final BCS Standings, or in the top 16 if ranked higher than a champion of a conference that has an automatic berth, provided it has won nine games. Notre Dame will receive a berth if it is in the top eight in the BCS.

In 2006, a new double-hosting system is in place, as the four BCS bowls will rotate hosting two games a season, it's traditional bowl a week before the national title game with the Fiesta first up in this rotation. The champions of the ACC, Big East, Big 10, Big 12, Pac 10 and SEC have automatic berths into the BCS in 2006 and 2007, with standards for annual automatic qualification for conference champions after the 2008 and 2009 seasons (conference-bowl tie-ins supercede). Criteria are also in place to allow for champions from Conference USA, MAC, MWC, Sun Belt and WAC (only one team from those conferences will be eligible for BCS Selection).

The BCS Standings are formulated from a statistical rating system calculated from the USA Today Coaches' and the Harris Interactive polls, and a composite of six nationally published computer rankings, with the three polls weighted and averaged to create a school's BCS ranking. The payouts for 2006 will again be between \$14-18 million per school, depending on conference affiliation, with a second conference participant netting a minimum payout of \$4.5 million. (Note: 6-6 teams are eligible for bowl participation if their conferences have agreements or if slots in at-large bowls remain unfilled.)

All-Star Games

Date	Bowl	Site	Time (MST)	Network
Mon., Jan. 15	All-America Classic	Las Vegas, Nev.	2:30 p.m.	TBA
Sat., Jan. 20	East-West Shrine	Houston, Texas	2:00 p.m.	ESPN2
Sat., Jan. 20	Hula Bowl	Kahului, Maui	5:00 p.m.	ESPN2
Sat., Jan. 27	Senior Bowl	Mobile, Ala.	TBA	NFL



"The University of Colorado, and Boulder, is a town which stops where the Rocky Mountains begin. Normally in America such a superb site would be occupied by a golf course, but somebody goofed and instead they built what may be the most beautifully situated campus in the world... if anyone asks you to Boulder, I have one word of advice: 'Go.'"

From the London (England) *Observer* Magazine article, "Us and Them," by Simon Hoggart (April 23, 1989)

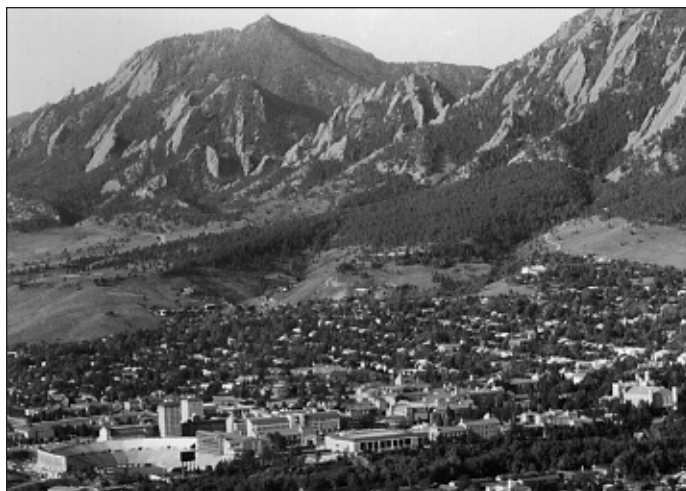
Often called the best of the United States' public universities by the *Fiske Guide to Colleges*, that belief was again strengthened when the University of Colorado received the largest donation ever given to an American public institution of higher learning. The quarter-billion dollar gift to run an institute for cognitive disabilities, it reinforced the fact that CU students not only have the minds to match its mountains, but they climb, and create, those mountains.

Founded in 1876 at the foot of the Flatirons, over 130 years has transformed the University of Colorado from a lone building on a bleak, windswept hill to one of the nation's leading public research institutions. Established in 1861, the University was formally founded in 1876, the year Colorado became a state. The doors of Old Main opened the following year with 44 students, an instructor and the President who taught and lived there with his family, pasturing his horse nearby.

The Boulder campus now encompasses 786 acres on the main campus, east campus (which includes a research park), Williams Village and the Mountain Research Station north of nearby Nederland (which supports ecology, chemistry and geology). In 1996 the Board of Regents purchased 308 acres of land in unincorporated Boulder County, now informally known as the south campus, in an effort to insure the growth of the University well into this century.

While over 28,000 students are educated on the main campus, another 13,000 study at the University of Colorado at Denver (including the Health Sciences Center) and the University of Colorado at Colorado Springs. Nine elected Regents and President Hank Brown who was named to the position in 2005, lead the three-campus system, while each campus has a Chancellor who serves as the chief academic and administrative officer. Dr. G. P. "Bud" Peterson is in his first year as chancellor of the Boulder campus.

Students can enter any of 10 schools and colleges offering more than 2,500 courses in 150 fields, representing a full range of disciplines in the humanities, social sciences, physical and biological sciences, the fine and performing arts, and the professions.



The largest University in the Centennial State is a big school, but its northern Italian architecture, named fourth in a ranking of the "most architecturally successful campuses in the country," in *The Campus as a Work of Art*, creates an intimate, visitor-friendly public space thanks to the varicolored sandstone and red-tiled roof facade of more than 200 buildings created by its rural Tuscany influence.

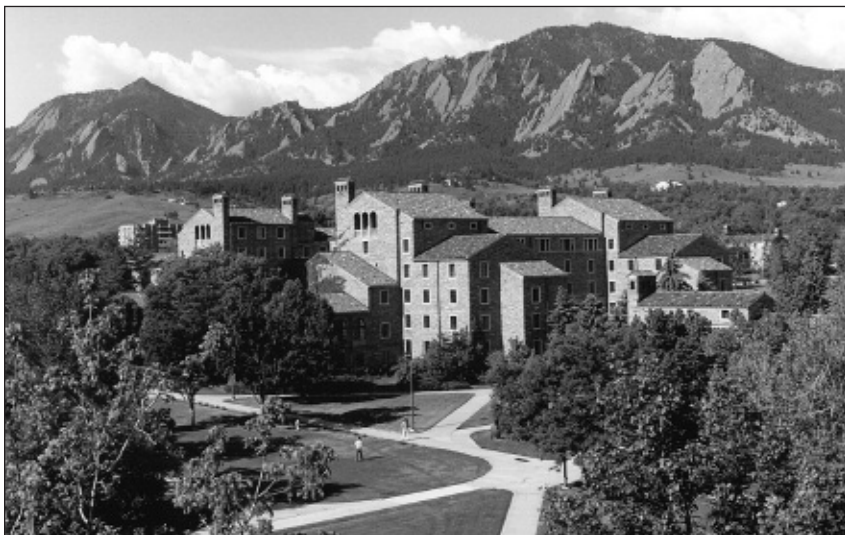
There are 20 residence halls that dot the campus, with more than 1,080 students enrolled in five residential academic programs, providing undergraduates with shared learning and living experiences. Colorado's Greek system, which is comprised of more than 2,000 students, became the first in the nation to ban alcohol from its houses.

Many of the high-tech companies located along the Front Range owe their origins to CU-Boulder's cutting-edge science.

CU has shown that RNA can act as a catalyst in biochemical reactions, developed the first classification system of human chromosomes, created the first national model to assess child development, successfully completed the first instance of human cloning, identified the battered child syndrome, discovered the process of aging is under direct genetic control, developed ways of dealing with natural hazards, created the coldest temperature on earth, and alerted the nation to heightened academic pressures on kindergarten children.

CU-Boulder has played a major role in NASA space programs, designing and building many scientific instruments flown in outer space, and graduated 17 men and women who became astronauts, including the late Jack Swigert, one of the three astronauts in the crippled Apollo 13 mission who made it dock to Earth safely from the moon. When the Hubble Space Telescope was launched in 1990, it was carrying seven major instruments, including a high-resolution spectrograph to study the evolution of stars and designed and built by an international science team led by astronomer Jack Brandt of CU-Boulder. Since Hubble has been up, CU-Boulder faculty and students have been among the top users of Hubble of any institution in the world. CU-Boulder is the only university in the country where undergraduate students have operated a NASA satellite.

The University has produced 19 Rhodes Scholars, five of which were former football student-athletes at CU, with Jim Hansen the most recent recipient in 1992. Faculty member Thomas Cech, a distinguished professor of chemistry and biochemistry, won the 1989 Nobel Prize in chemistry. Other notable alumni include former United States Supreme Court Justice





Byron “Whizzer” White, former big band leader Glenn Miller and actor Robert Redford.

A premier institution in and of itself, the Boulder campus is in good company with some of the finest campuses in the country:

- ◆ Colorado is one of the four most outstanding universities in the United States according to the 2006 *Fiske Guide to Colleges* (with Brown, Stanford and Virginia), based on academics, social life and quality of life.

- ◆ The *U.S. News & World Report* ranked CU-Boulder 32nd among the nation’s Top 50 Public National Universities in its 2004 Best Colleges issue. The rankings were based on factors such as academic reputation, retention, faculty resources, student selectivity and financial resources.

- ◆ U.S. News & World Report also ranked seven CU graduate programs in the nation’s top 20: Environmental Law (7th), Aerospace Engineering (12th), Clinical Psychology (15th), Entrepreneurship Specialty (Business, 15th), Speech Language-Pathology (17th), Chemical Engineering (18th) and Civil Engineering (20th).

- ◆ And in April 2004, The Economist of London ranked CU as the 11th best public university in the world, as well as one of the 50 best universities of any kind, based on criteria such as highly cited researchers and Nobel laureates in selected fields.

If the aphorism, “Somewhere between the Rockies and reality,” seems too good to believe, then come for a visit. Start with a walk on the historic Pearl Street Mall, a downtown pedestrian mall that is the ceremonial heart of the city actually that works despite the efforts of its street theatre.

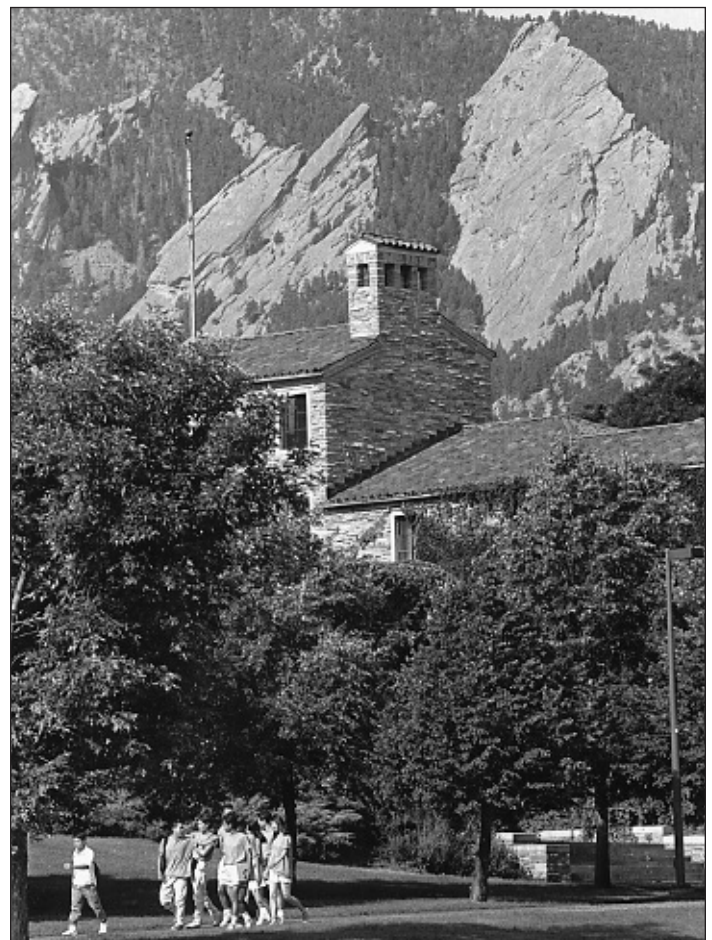
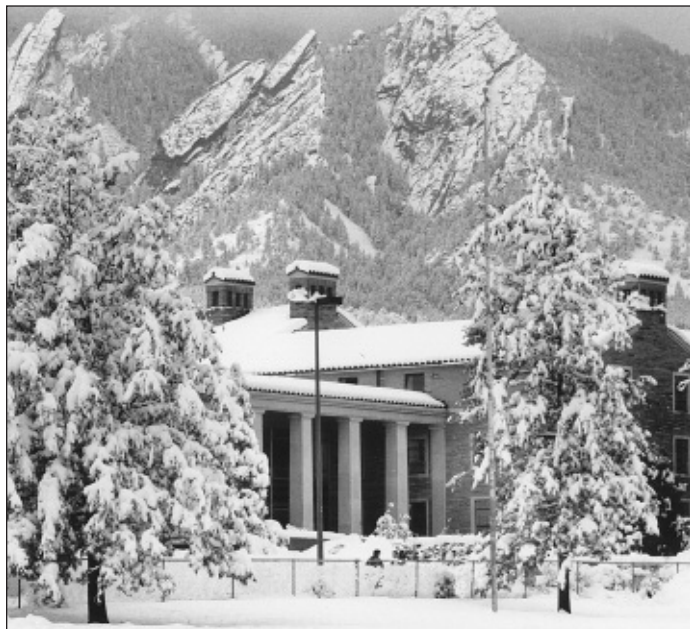
Visitors may be so taken in by the scenery, the mall, Tudors and Victorians they may forget the University that put it all together. From Pearl Street, Broadway leads directly onto campus where the University of Colorado Museum and the CU Heritage Center, in the original Old Main building, which introduces the University’s past and present. Visitors can experience the University’s cosmopolitan atmosphere by visiting Fiske Planetarium, Sommers-Bausch Observatory, and Norlin Library. Lively performances are staged by the Artist Series, Department of Theatre and Dance, and the College of



Music, and movie fans can relax with classic, contemporary, and avant garde films. Summer months bring the annual Shakespeare Festival to campus.

Take in the fresh mountain air on any part of 100 miles of trails and 30,000 acres of open space. Climb the Flatirons or in Eldorado Canyon State Park. Swim or board sail at the Boulder Reservoir while elite runners sprint around it.

Rest assured, like the prophesy of an Arapaho Indian Chief, “If you leave Boulder, you will return.”



MASCOT/NICKNAME

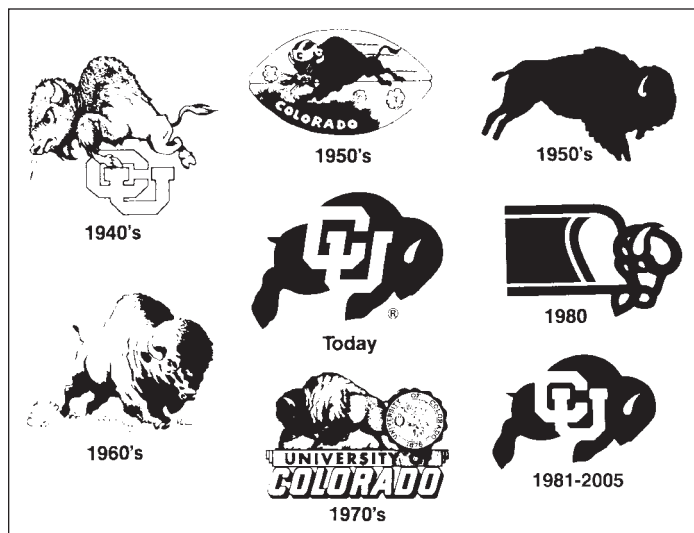
The University of Colorado has one of the more unique mascots in all of intercollegiate athletics, a real buffalo named Ralphie.

The live buffalo mascot leads the football team out on the field both at the start of the game and second half. It is truly one of the special sights that exist anywhere in college or professional sports, especially for opposing teams, who often stop in their tracks watching the massive buffalo round the end zone and head directly at their sideline.

The buffalo first appeared in 1934, three weeks after a contest to select an official school nickname by the *Silver & Gold* newspaper had come to an end and "Buffaloes" was the winning entry. For the final game of the '34 season, a group of students paid \$25 to rent a buffalo calf along with a real cowboy as his keeper. The calf was the son of Killer, a famed bison at Trails End Ranch in Fort Collins. It took the cowboy and four students to keep the calf under control on the sidelines, a 7-0 win at the University of Denver on Thanksgiving Day.

Prior to 1934, CU athletic teams usually were referred to as the "Silver and Gold," but other nicknames teams were sometimes called included Silver Helmets, Yellow Jackets, Hornets, Arapahoes, Big Horns, Grizzlies and Frontiersmen. The student newspaper decided to sponsor a national contest in the summer of 1934, with a \$5 prize to go to the author of the winning selection. Entries, over 1,000 in all, arrived from almost every state in the union. Athletic Director Harry Carlson, graduate manager Walter Franklin and Kenneth Bundy of the *Silver and Gold* were the judges.

Local articles first reported that Claude Bates of New Madrid, Mo., and James Proffitt of Cincinnati, Ohio, were co-winners for the prize as both submitted "Buffaloes" as their entry. But 10 days later, the newspaper declared Boulder res-



ident Andrew Dickson the winner, after a follow-up revealed his submission of "Buffaloes" had actually arrived several days before those of the original winners. Through the years, synonyms which quickly came into use included "Bisons," "Bufs," "Thundering Herd," "Stampeding Herd," "Golden Avalanche," and "Golden Buffaloes."

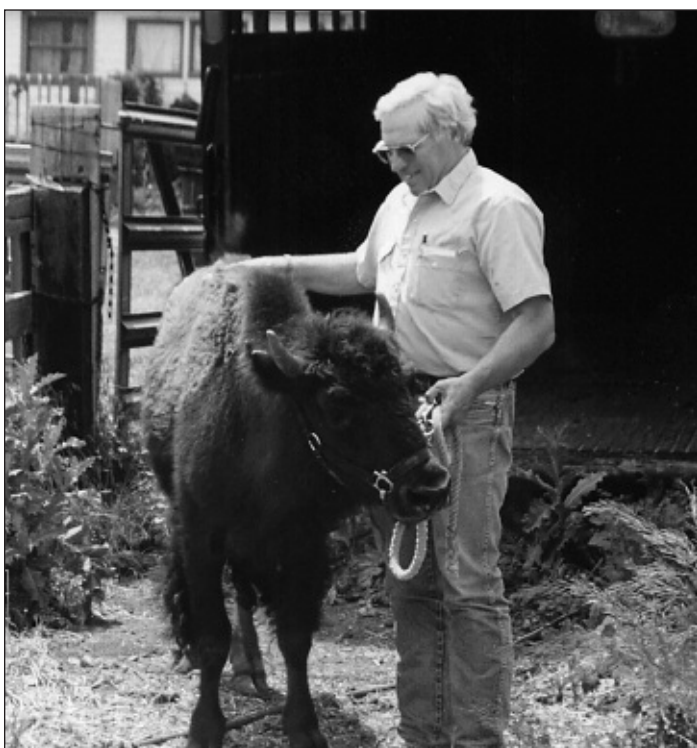
Live buffaloes made appearances at CU games on and off through the years, usually in a pen on the field or sometimes driven around in a cage; in the 1940s, the school kept a baby buffalo in a special pen at the University Riding Academy. The first named buffalo was "Mr. Chips," who appeared for the first time at the 1957 CU Days kickoff rally, as supporter Mahlon White donated him to the school, and it was cared for by a men's honorary.

A few years passed between a live mascot on the sideline and the tradition Colorado fans have come to know so well. In 1966, John Lowery, the father of a CU freshman from Lubbock, Texas, donated to the school a six-month old buffalo calf from Sedgewick, Colo.

For a while, she was billed as "Rraalph," but the origin of the name is in some doubt. Some say it was given by the student body after sounds she allegedly made while running and snorting; others say it was named for Ralph Jay Wallace, the junior class president at the time; and the original handlers will tell a third version. Regardless, an astute fan soon discovered that the buffalo was in fact a female, thus the name alteration to **Ralphie**.

The initial tradition was for CU's five sophomore class officers to run the buffalo around the stadium in a full loop. They would pick her up from caretaker William "Bud" Hays at the Green Mountain Riding Stables, and would run her for two hours in the morning to tire her a bit to keep her under control by the time the game started. At the conclusion of the run, the fans would break into the "Buffalo Stomp," which would literally shake the stadium in deafening fashion as the team took the field. But CU officials soon had the tradition stopped because of the actual physical damage it was causing.

Around that same time, head coach Eddie Crowder was approached with the idea the charging buffalo running out on the field before the game with the team behind her.



A young Ralphie IV with John Parker



Crowder thought it was a great idea, and the debut of this great tradition took place on October 28, 1967, CU's homecoming game against Oklahoma State. Though OSU won the game, 10-7, the tradition was here to stay, though those who had some training in such an endeavor as working with a wild animal eventually replaced the sophomores. The five sophomores appointed themselves as the board of directors of a fundraising effort to bring Ralphie to the '67 Bluebonnet Bowl in Houston, raising the necessary money through selling stock.

Ralphie attended every CU home football game for 13 years (including all bowls), and retired at the end of the 1978 season. CU's first Ralphie achieved nationally celebrity status, and was even kidnapped in 1970 by some Air Force Academy students as well as being named the school's 1971 Homecoming Queen at the height of the anti-establishment era.

Ralphie's replacement on the sidelines was **Ralphie II**, making her first-ever appearance at CU's final home game of the 1978 season. The buffalo's original name was Moon, short for Moonshine, but the name Ralphie had become so popular and traditional that it was restored. The Bank of Boulder, a significant contributor through the years to the Ralphie program, purchased and donated Ralphie II to CU. At the age of 12, and after serving the Buffs for 10 years, Ralphie II passed away on September 19, 1987, following a 31-17 CU win over Stanford.

Ralphie III was pressed into action earlier than anticipated, as she had been in training for the 1988 season. Originally named "Tequila," she made her debut on November 7, 1987, when the Buffs beat Missouri, 27-10. After over 10 years of service, she passed away in January 1998, at the age of 13.



Colorado's latest mascot is **Ralphie IV**, donated to the university by media and sports entrepreneur Ted Turner.

Ralphie IV was born in April 1997 on the Flying D Ranch in Gallatin Gateway, Montana, which is a part of Turner Ranches, the largest ranch operation in the United States. Named "Rowdy" by ranch hands, she was separated from her mother when she was about a month old and was literally found in the jaws of a coyote with bite marks around her neck. She survived the attack and was bottle-fed by the hands for four months. She was released back to the herd but wouldn't bond with them, so the ranch hands took her back in and fed her grasses and grain. It was then that she was donated to CU as a yearling early in the spring of 1998. John Parker, who trained and housed both Ralphie II and III, brought her back to Colorado from Montana and supervised all of her early training.

Parker retired as Ralphie's caretaker in May 2000. Long-time CU supporters Dale and Lynn Johnson housed Ralphie for the following year, with Parker's assistant, Ted Davis, assuming the program duties for the 2000 season.

In the summer of 2001, two former Ralphie Handlers and CU graduates, Ben Frei and Kevin Priola, took over the program. Together they coordinate the selection and managing of up to 12 student handlers as well as all aspects of training.

Ralphie IV, now full grown and mature, weighs in at about 1,100 pounds, about three times her weight when she made her debut against Colorado State at Mile High Stadium in Denver on September 5, 1998. A strong and powerful animal, she can reach speeds of 25 miles per hour. Her home is an undisclosed ranch in nearby Henderson.



Ralphie IV at Folsom Field in 2001



FOLSOM FIELD

Folsom Field, named after legendary University of Colorado Coach Frederick Folsom, opened for the 1924 season and has been the home of Buffs ever since. This will be the 83rd season the Buffs will play their home games on the "hilltop." The 400th game in the stadium's history took place in 2002.

Colorado owns one of the nation's best all-time home records, and in the previous 82 seasons of play at Folsom, the Buffaloes are 280-132-10, a winning percentage of .675.

The stadium was dedicated on October 11, 1924, as Colorado defeated Regis College, 39-0. It actually was the second home game of the season, as CU closed out playing at Gamble Field the week before with a 31-0 win over Western State.

It originally was called Colorado Stadium, the name being changed to Folsom Field in 1944 following Folsom's death. In addition, old 24th Street was also changed to Folsom Street to honor the man who coached Colorado teams three different times totaling 15 years between 1895 and 1915. His 76.5 winning percentage (77-23-2) is still tops among all coaches ever at CU.

CU had played its games at Gamble Field for two decades, where seating was limited to temporary bleachers. In the winter of 1923-24, CU President George Norlin studied the possibility of a new stadium, as the approaching completion of a sparkling new gymnasium (Carlson Gym), the inadequate number of seats at Gamble Field (roughly 9,000) and the growing interest in physical education and intercollegiate athletics demanded that a remedy needed to take place soon.

Investigation of a natural ravine just east of the site of the gymnasium as a site for the new stadium, suggested by professor Whitney Huntington, was not only a convenient location, but by using it a great expense could be avoided. After a financing plan was worked out, CU's own construction department began moving dirt with a steam shovel on January 14, 1924.

The new structure had an original capacity of 26,000, featuring wooden bleacher seating over cement, and quarter-mile running track. A California red wood, dipped in creosote, was selected as the initial material, as estimates at the time put a lifetime of around



13 years for the wood. There were 22 sections divided by radial aisles installed, the same set-up in the lower bowl that still exists today.

Accounts at the time put the cost of the stadium at around \$2.60 per seat, instead of \$10 had concrete been used; the total cost was \$65,000. By comparison, the cost to construct Carlson Gym was \$350,000.

With expansion in mind when originally built, it was by design rather easy to add an upper deck. In 1956, Folsom Field's capacity was upped to 45,000 when a second deck was erected around two-thirds of the stadium. Some 6,000 more seats were added in 1967 when the running track was removed and the team dressing facilities were constructed at the north end of the field.

Improvements continued, as the gigantic six-level press box facility was added on the west side for the start of the 1968 season. It also serves as the home for CU's Flatirons Club, a group of donors who financially support the athletic program.

In the summer of 1976, Folsom Field had another face-lift, as the wooden bleacher seats were removed and replaced with silver and gold aluminum bleachers, expanding the stadium to a capacity of 52,005.

The renovation of CU's team house in the summer of 1979 took away a few seats, changing the capacity to 51,463. The construction of the magnificent Dal Ward Center in 1991 added new bleacher seating in the north end zone and increased the capacity to 51,748. In 1992, the addition of a yellow concourse wall on the southeast side took away a few hundred seats, and corporate boxes (in 1995) lowered the capacity to 51,655.

The removal of a set of old rickety bleachers in 2001 and a few other changes placed the stadium capacity at 50,942, but that figure stood for just two seasons. The addition of suites and club seating on the east side, completed in August 2003, has increased the capacity to 53,750, an all-time Folsom Field high.

Prior to the 1971 season, the playing surface at Folsom Field was natural grass. Monsanto of St. Louis, Mo., replaced the natural grass with Astroturf for the 1971 campaign, with the first game being played on the artificial surface against the University of Wyoming on September 18 (the Buffs won 56-13); it was a godsend, as that very morning, Boulder received a



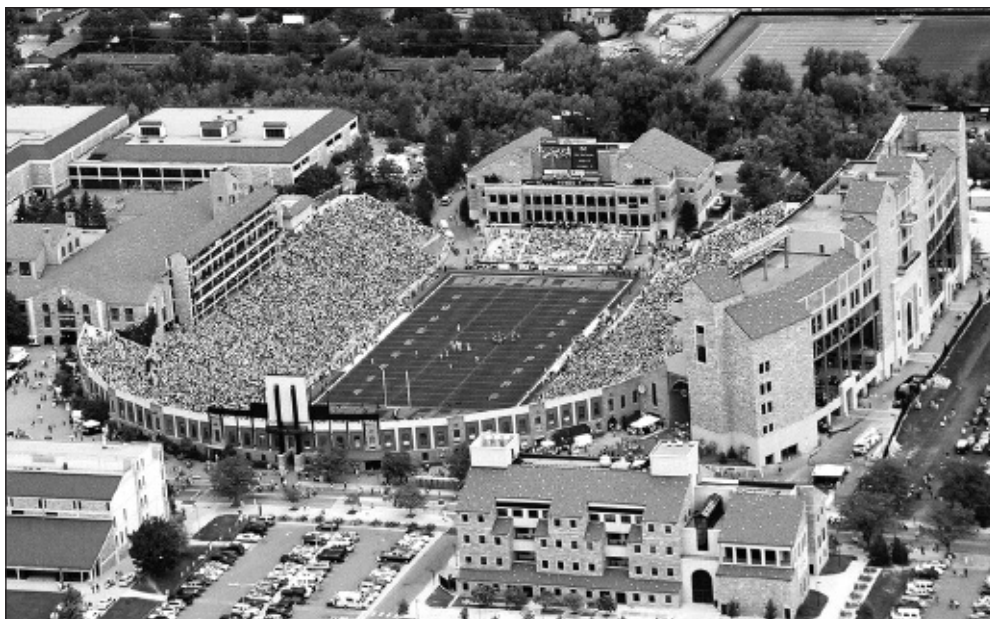
The beginning of work on the stadium in January, 1924.



rare late summer snowstorm that blanketed the field with more than two feet of snow.

The original Astroturf surface was replaced with a "new rug" for the start of the 1978 season, and in the summer of 1989, "Astroturf-8" was installed, the third artificial surfacing in the school's history. Folsom was covered with artificial surfaces for 28 seasons (168 games), and it was fairly friendly for the Buffs, which posted a 110-56-2 record in those games.

In the spring of 1999, Folsom Field returned to natural grass, as "SportGrass" was installed on the stadium floor. The project, which included bio-thermal heating, drainage and a sub-air system, cost \$1.2 million. Video display boards, known as "BuffVision" were also added in the summer of 1999 at a cost of \$3.6 million.



DAL WARD ATHLETIC CENTER

The 1990-91 athletic season was a landmark one for the University of Colorado in two areas. The year produced national championships in football (its first) and skiing (its 14th at the time), and the men's basketball team reached the NIT Final Four.

That was also the year that the magnificent Dal Ward Athletic Center became a reality. The entire construction process was completed in less than nine months, from ground-breaking in December 1990, to completion the following August.

The \$14 million building was completely funded through private donations. This multi-functional, state-of-the-art struc-

ture is one of the top facilities anywhere in college athletics.

The Dal Ward Center boasts 92,000 square feet that includes academic and computer centers, sports medicine and weight training centers, a full-service kitchen and dining area, an auditorium, men's and women's lockerrooms, a player's lounge and offices for athletic administration and coaches.

Construction on the project actually began in November, 1990, with the demolition of the old team house building, which had stood in the north end of Folsom Field since its erection in 1967. The foundation was dug and concrete poured over the next couple of months, with construction of the actual building starting in February, 1991. The structure was available for the football team's use by mid-August, with the remainder of the building completed later that fall.



The building is named for Dallas Ward, the football coach who led CU into the Big Seven Conference in 1948. Ward was the head coach for the Buffaloes for 11 seasons (1948-1958), compiling a 63-41-6 record, with his teams noted for the single wing offense.

The facility has several outstanding attributes, which benefit both the athletic department and the entire CU-Boulder campus. The tile roof, native stone walls and traditional Italianate architecture were selected to complement the style of the Boulder campus. The Center also establishes a new sense of entry to the campus coming from the north. The building features a dramatic two-story entry and lobby space with a grand staircase.

ADMINISTRATION



2006 Board of Regents: *Front Row (left to right):* Gail Schwartz, Steve Bosley (vice chair), Cindy Carlisle, Michael Carrigan. *Back Row:* Peter Steinhauer, Paul Schauer, Jerry Rutledge, Tom Lucero, Pat Hayes (chair).



Hank Brown
President



G. P. "Bud" Peterson
Chancellor



Phil DiStefano
Provost



Ron Stump
VC/Student Affairs



David Clough
Faculty Rep



Mike Bohn
Athletic Director



Jon Burianek
Sr. Associate AD



Ceal Barry
Associate AD



David Hansburg
Associate AD



Jeff Lipton
Director of Business Planning



Chris May
Associate AD



David Plati
Associate AD



Jim Senter
Associate AD



Tom McGrath
Special Assistant to the AD



Kristin Colon
Assistant AD



Ruph Gebre-Mariam
Assistant AD



Bill Harris
Assistant AD



Charles Johnson
Assistant AD



John Krueger
Assistant AD



Julie Manning
Assistant AD



Jason DePaep
Athletic Turf Manager



Jeff Pitman
Director of Strength & Conditioning



Bruce Fletcher
Director of Licensing



J.T. Galloway
Director of Equipment



Jamie Guy
Director of Sports Video



Deric Swanson
Director of BuffVision



Lisa Van Goor
Director of Special Events



Dr. Eric McCarty
Director of Sports Medicine



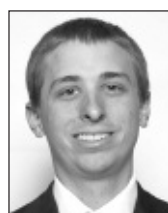
Rocko DeLuca
Buff Club Director



Waqa Damuni
Academics



Chris Chillen
Football Trainer



Nick Sprouse
Football Equipment



Marc Roth
Training Table



Erich Schubert
Football GA SID

PRESIDENT HANK BROWN



Hank Brown was named the 21st president of the University of Colorado in June 2005, as he was advanced as the sole finalist for the position on an interim basis two months earlier and took over the reins of the university system on August 1, 2005.

Brown, 66, served in that interim capacity until May 12, 2006, when CU's Board of Regents officially named him as the permanent choice for the position. A national search produced Brown as the most qualified candidate to lead the university's three campuses in Boulder, Denver and Colorado Springs.

Since taking the helm at the University, among an impressive list of first year accomplishments, Brown freed up \$1 million by restructuring and reorganizing the system office, including eliminating 11 positions, appointing a treasurer, prohibited the use of state funds for alcohol purchases, revamped the University's accounting procedures, established "open hours" meetings, reinvested \$1 million from savings from the president's office into critical areas such as compliance and IT security and created a Blue Ribbon Commission on diversity.

Restoring trust by revitalizing a culture of openness, transparency and accountability has become a hallmark of his presidency, and he has led this cultural shift by example.

Additionally, the University has seen an upswing in several areas during his tenure. Out-of-state applications and fundraising both increased, and research funds increased by more than \$40 million from the previous year before he took over. He also launched a \$7.5 million Pioneer Fund campaign to raise matching funds for Pre-Collegiate graduate scholarships, raising a third of the funds in just six months.

Brown returned to his alma mater from the Daniels Fund, where he had served as president and Chief executive officer since July 1, 2002. The Daniels Fund is a billion dollar foundation left by the late cable entrepreneur, Bill Daniels, and in his first two years there, he reduced

overhead by 35% and shifted \$2 million a year to increase grants and scholarships.

Prior to his employment with the Daniels Fund, Brown served as the 11th president at the University of Northern Colorado.

Before Brown entered higher education, he spent several years in public service as one of the state's most popular politicians. A republican, he served one term in the United States Senate, representing Colorado from 1991-97. That followed five consecutive terms (1981-91) in the U.S. House as Colorado's representative from the 4th Congressional District. He also served in the Colorado Senate from 1972-76. Brown was elected and re-elected to the House of Representatives by margins ranging from 69 to 74 percent, the highest in the history of the District. He was elected to the U.S. Senate by a 13 percent victory margin.

Brown was also vice president with Monfort of Colorado (Greeley) from 1969 to 1980. He is both an attorney and a certified public accountant.

He earned his Bachelor's degree in Accounting from the University of Colorado-Boulder in 1961. As an undergraduate, he participated for three years in wrestling and was also a member of the freshman football team in addition to serving as CU's student body president.

He earned a Juris Doctorate degree from the University of Colorado Law School in 1969. While in Washington, Brown earned a Master of Law Degree in 1986 from George Washington University. In 1988, he passed the exam to become a C.P.A.

Brown also served his country, as he was in the United State Navy from 1962-66, achieving the rank of lieutenant. He volunteered for service in Vietnam and was decorated for his combat service as a forward air controller.

Brown was born February 12, 1940 in Denver and moved with his family to northern California, graduating from Menlo-Atherton High School where he lettered in football, wrestling and tennis. He starred as a prep wrestler, as he was the state runner-up as a junior and the state champion as a senior in the 191-pound classification. His father, Harry, was also an accomplished wrestler, as he was the national runner-up at Iowa State in the late 1930s.

He and his wife Nan live in Denver and they have three adult children, Harry, Christy, and Lori; and two grandchildren, Lilly and Hank.

CHANCELLOR G.P. "BUD" PETERSON



George P. "Bud" Peterson is in his first year as Chancellor of the University of Colorado at Boulder, assuming the position on July 15, 2006.

Peterson, 53, came to CU from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (RPI) in Troy, N.Y., where he had served as provost for the previous six years.

As Chancellor, Dr. Peterson is the chief academic and administrative officer of the CU-Boulder campus. Throughout his career, he has played an active role in helping to establish the national education and research agendas, serving on numerous industry, government and academic task forces and committees.

Dr. Peterson attended Kansas State University and earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Mechanical Engineering in 1975 and a second Bachelor's degree in Mathematics in 1977. In 1980, he earned his third degree from the school, as he received his Master of Science in Engineering.

In 1985 he received a Doctorate in Mechanical Engineering from Texas A&M University. He served as a Visiting Research Scientist at the NASA Johnson Space Center before returning to Texas A&M as a faculty member in the Mechanical Engineering Department, where he

conducted research and taught courses in thermodynamics and heat transfer. He was later named the Halliburton Professor of Mechanical Engineering and the College of Engineering's Tenneco Professor. While at Texas A&M, he held leadership positions as Head of the Mechanical Engineering Department, Executive Associate Dean of the College of Engineering, and Associate Vice Chancellor for the Texas A&M University System. In 1993-94, he served as Program Director for the Thermal Transport and Thermal Processing Division of the National Science Foundation.

A Fellow of both the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and the American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Dr. Peterson is the author or co-author of 12 books or book chapters, 150 refereed journal articles, more than 150 conference publications and holds eight patents. He is a member of several professional organizations and the recipient of numerous national and international honors and awards for both teaching and research.

A student-athlete as an undergraduate at Kansas State, he earned three letters in football, playing wide receiver between 1972-74, starting as a junior and senior. He caught 30 passes for 359 yards in his career and was considered the best blocker among all of the Wildcat receivers.

Peterson was born September 1, 1952 in Prairie Village, Kansas, a suburb of Kansas City. He lettered in football, basketball and track at Shawnee Mission East High School and joined the KSU football team as a walk-on. He and his wife, Valerie, have four grown children, Keith, Emily, Brennan and Sean.

PROVOST PHIL DISTEFANO



Dr. Philip DiStefano returned to his role at provost the University of Colorado at Boulder campus this past summer after serving the school well for 19 months as interim chancellor.

He was promoted in December 2004 to chancellor, and guided the campus through some of its toughest times in history, helping to restore transparency and public trust in the school. He made several key hires, including that of current CU athletic director Mike Bohn.

In the role of provost, which he initially held for five years as "second-in-command" to the chancellor, he serves as the chief operating officer for most campus academic matters.

In a campus reorganization of oversight of intercollegiate athletics, which went into effect July 1, 2004, the athletic director reported to him. But DiStefano was no stranger to CU athletics, or intercollegiate athletics for that matter.

He served five years as the University of Colorado's faculty representative to the Big 12 Conference, as he assumed the role on June 1, 2000, and held it until appointing Dr. David Clough to the position in the spring of 2005.

DiStefano, 59, was just the fifth faculty representative to serve in that capacity for CU since 1947, as he replaced Dr. Jim Corbridge, who held the position from 1989 until his retirement in the spring of 2000. He was also the vice chancellor of academic affairs, as he was promoted to that position in July 1998, after serving on an interim basis for 10 months.

He came to CU in 1974 from the Ohio State University, where he earned his Doctorate in Philosophy in Humanities Education in June of that year. While at OSU, he spent three years as a teaching and research associate in humanities education.

DiStefano's first position at CU was that of an assistant professor for curriculum and instruction. He held that appointment for six years, and was promoted to associate professor with tenure in 1981. In June 1986, he was named professor of curriculum and instruction, a position he has maintained as vice chancellor. Also within that time frame, he served as an associate dean (1984-85) and as the director of graduate studies (1985-86).

In July 1986, he was named the Dean for the School of Education, a post he would hold for the next 10 years. In September 1996, he was appointed as the associate vice chancellor for academic affairs, serving in that role for one year until assuming his vice chancellor duties on an interim basis in September 1997.

He earned his bachelor's degree from Ohio State in humanities education in 1968, and received his master's in secondary education (English) from West Virginia University in 1971.

He was born September 21, 1946 in Steubenville, Ohio, and graduated from Steubenville Catholic Central High School. He is married to the former Yvonne Pasquarella, and the couple has three daughters, Gia, Nicole and Jennifer.

A life long sports enthusiast, one of his childhood and life-long friends is former major league baseball player Rich Donnelly, who is currently the third base coach for the Milwaukee Brewers (and served the Colorado Rockies in a similar capacity for three-plus seasons).

He is very active in the Boulder community, serving on the board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce as well as the Rotary Club. His hobbies include reading mysteries and biographies.

FACULTY REP DAVID CLOUGH



David Clough, professor of chemical and biological engineering, is in his second year as the University of Colorado's Faculty Athletic Representative (FAR) to the Big 12 Conference, as he was named to the position in March 2005.

Dr. Clough, 60, replaced Phil DiStefano, who had served in the role from June 1, 2000 until just shortly after his appointment as interim chancellor for the Boulder campus in 2005. Clough is only the sixth FAR in CU history, joining a very prestigious list: Walter Franklin (1947-1948), Warren Thompson (1949-1966), William Baughn (1967-1989), James Corbridge (1989-2000) and DiStefano (2000-2005).

Dr. Clough has had a significant impact on engineering education at CU-Boulder and beyond through career-long efforts to enhance the learning of engineering students. He has pioneered active- and cooperative-learning techniques in the College of Engineering and Applied Science, and in 1989 he originated the concept of the Integrated Teaching and Learning Laboratory (ITLL).

He also has been involved with student-athletes for a long time, as he's had a relationship with the CU athletic department for over 25 years. He played an integral role in Rhodes Scholarship candidacy of former football player Jim Hansen, an Academic All-American who was awarded the Rhodes in 1993; he is now teaching at M.I.T. and the two remain best of friends.

Dr. Clough received his bachelor's degree from the Case Institute of Technology (now Case Western Reserve University) in 1968 and his master's from CU-Boulder in 1969, both in chemical engineering. He worked as an engineer for E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Inc., from 1969 to 1972 before returning to CU-Boulder to earn his doctorate in 1975. He joined the faculty of the Department of Chemical Engineering at that time.

From 1986 to 1992 he served as the college's associate dean for academic affairs, playing a role in a number of important initiatives, including the Gemmill Engineering Library, the Herbst Humanities Program, and the ITLL. From 1993 through 1999, he was associate chair of the Department of Chemical Engineering and was responsible for significant improvements to the department's undergraduate advising program.

Known for his willingness to experiment with new educational concepts and technology, Dr. Clough has worked to reform traditional lecture classes into an interactive workshop format that greatly enhances the learning of students. Through these efforts, he has helped to reshape the way engineering is taught. The student-run Engineering Excellence Fund unanimously chose Dr. Clough as the first recipient of the Sullivan-Carlson Inspiration in Teaching Award in 1998. His students honored him with the AIChE Undergraduate Teaching Award three times (1996, 1997, 1998) and the college's Outstanding Advisor Award in 1993. He also has been given the college's Hutchinson Teaching Award and Peters Service Award. He received the first Boulder Faculty Assembly Teaching Award in 1980 and the Boulder Campus Outstanding Advisor Award in 1996. His merit as an educator has also been recognized outside CU, as in 1995, the American Society for Engineering Education (Rocky Mountain Section) presented him with its first Outstanding Educator Award.

In April 2000, he received the college's Distinguished Engineering Alumnus Award in the Education category. It recognized his significant impact on engineering education through pioneering the active learning concept for the ITLL, and in leading the college in changing traditional lecture courses to an active learning format.

He and his wife, Sydney, have four grown children, Astrid, William, Rodney and Damon. Dr. Clough's father, John W. Clough, was a chemical engineer, and his two brothers are retired engineers. The Clough family established a scholarship endowment in engineering at CU in honor of John Clough, who died in 1994.

ATHLETIC DIRECTOR MIKE BOHN



Mike Bohn was introduced as just the sixth athletic director in University of Colorado history on April 13, 2005, returning to the surroundings where he starred as a prep athlete before embarking on a journey that would take him all over the western half of the United States and finally back home.

Bohn, 45, came to Colorado from San Diego State University, where he left an indelible imprint in just 18 months as the Aztecs' director of athletics. He agreed to a 5-year contract with the Buffaloes.

He replaced Jack Lengyel, who served as interim athletic director for five months after Dick Tharp stepped down in

November 2004 after holding the position since 1996. Tharp had followed three legendary men in CU athletic history, Harry Carlson (1927-65), Eddie Crowder (1965-84) and Bill Marolt (1984-96).

Aside from Lengyel, who came out of retirement to serve in an interim capacity, Bohn is the first person to be named CU athletic director without having previously worked within the CU system. Carlson and Crowder were coaches upon being named, Marolt returned to CU where he coached for 10 years before leaving for the U.S. Olympic ski team, and Tharp was a university attorney with strong CU-Boulder campus ties.

He accomplished a lot in his first 100 days on the job, from branching out into the community with Chancellor Phil DiStefano at town meetings, to implementing the *YOUR TEAM* campaign to raise significant funds for immediate scholarship and capital project needs. Several other creative ideas, especially in marketing including Ralphies' Kids Roundup, were established to create better ties with CU and area communities.

Those first 100 days were just the beginning, and just one year into his service to CU, he had made major improvements in fundraising, including the establishment of the Buff Club Cabinet, attendance in football and men's basketball, especially by students in the latter, and has worked to balance a budget by making tough but necessary cuts, guaranteeing the future success of Colorado's 16 intercollegiate sports.

Bohn's brief tenure at San Diego State featured many remarkable accomplishments, including the instilling of energy, enthusiasm, accountability and determination into the Aztec staff. Officially named SDSU athletic director on October 6, 2003, his immediate task was to unify the athletic department, the campus and the community of San Diego.

Bohn strategically and steadily restructured the SDSU athletic department with emphasis on fund raising, fiscal responsibility, compliance and academics.

Under his watch, San Diego State set a new single-game attendance record in football when more than 57,000 fans watched the Aztecs' win over Idaho State in the 2004 season opener. The average football attendance of 35,995 in 2004 was the best at the school since 1993, with the increase of 14,369 fans per game marking the third largest attendance jump in the country.

The enthusiasm spread to other sports. SDSU blanked Houston, 4-0, and set a college baseball record with a crowd of 40,106 on hand in the opener of San Diego's PETCO Park. When the Aztecs hosted Colorado State in a 2005 Big Monday basketball battle, SDSU set a school record with nearly 4,000 students crammed into Cox Arena for the event.

He landed the San Diego State position after serving five years as athletic director at the University of Idaho (1999-2003), where he first made his mark as a lead administrator in the area of transformation.

At Idaho, he developed projects for new facilities, increased community and corporate support, and produced balanced budgets for the department after inheriting an operation that had accumulated a deficit of over \$1 million.

During his five years in Moscow, he oversaw the transition of the Vandals to the Division I-A ranks from the Big Sky Conference. Under Bohn, Idaho began construction on the Vandal Athletics Center, the first facilities improvement for UI athletics in two decades. He was also the driving force behind a 20-percent increase in the Vandal Scholarship Fund and a \$350,000 surge in annual corporate support.

Between Idaho and San Diego State, Bohn hired 12 head coaches in all as well as several administrators.

Bohn prepared for his career goal of becoming a Division I athletic director entirely in the state of Colorado, his adopted "native" state despite being born in Illinois; he moved to Colorado with his family when he was 1-year old.

His first job in athletic administration came at the Air Force Academy, where he worked for the better part of nine years (1984-92). During his tenure in Colorado Springs, Bohn advanced from an intern to assistant athletic director. He served as executive director of the Blue and Silver Club, as well as other external operations throughout his stay at the academy. He played a major role in the increase of football season ticket sales from 6,000 to 20,000 and implemented a fundraising campaign that generated \$16 million for stadium improvements.

From 1992 to 1995, Bohn served as Director of Marketing for the College Football Association, where he worked for one of the most respected people in the history of college athletics, Chuck Neinas (the one-time Big Eight Conference commissioner). The CFA, the precursor to the current Bowl Championship Series, consisted of six major football conferences encompassing 67 universities. He created and developed the CFA "Good Works Team" which recognized significant off-the-field accomplishments in the area of community relations of 11 football student-athletes nationally (a team that is still selected today by the American Football Coaches Association).

Bohn was involved in many facets of the organization's operations, including the administration of a \$67 million television package involving ABC, ESPN and ESPN2. He also formulated a blueprint for the promotion and development of the image of college football as a whole.

He then moved on to Colorado State University, where he spent the next three years (1996-98) as an associate athletic director for the Rams. At CSU, he was responsible for all external revenue-producing operations, including ticket sales, fund raising through the Greater Ram Club, licensing, corporate sales, signage, capital campaigns and broadcasting rights fees, as well as special events.

Along with increasing revenue on several fronts, Bohn helped escalate student interest in CSU athletics while working with the Associated Students of Colorado State University.

He earned his bachelor's of arts degree from the University of Kansas in 1983, where he was recruited as a quarterback and also played baseball. He then graduated with a master's degree in sports administration from Ohio University in 1984. While earning his master's, he worked as a graduate assistant football coach for the Bobcats.

Bohn is a former member of the NCAA Championships Cabinet and the Division I-A Athletics Directors Association Executive Council. During his stay at Idaho, he was a member of the Big West Conference executive committee and served on the University of Idaho executive council.

Born November 16, 1960 in Hinsdale, Ill., he graduated from Boulder High School where he lettered in football, basketball and baseball. He is married to the former Kim Zeren, and the couple has two children, Michaelyn (22) and Brandon (20).

Mike Bohn is the first athletic administrator to work at three of the state's Division I-A colleges (CU, Air Force, Colorado State and Denver). Only one coach is thought to have spent time at three schools: **Terry Dunn** served as assistant basketball coach at AFA (1991-94), CSU (1994-96) and CU (1996-2004). Several high profile people have logged time in at two of the schools; those who spent time at CU and one other include assistant football coaches **Kay Dalton** (CU/CSU), **Chuck Heater** (CU/CSU), **Tom McMahon** (CU/CSU) and **Dan Stavely** (CU/DU); track coaches **Don Meyers** (CU/CSU) and **Jerry Quiller** (CU/CSU); sports information directors **Steve Hatchell** (CU/CSU) and **Tim Simmons** (CU/CSU); gymnastics coach **Dan Garcia** (CU/DU), golf coaches **Eric Hoos** and **Sammie Chergo** (both assistants at CU and then head coaches at DU); assistant women's basketball coach **Tanya Haave** (CU/DU); trainers **Eric Fry** (DU/CU), **Ed Lochrie** (CU/DU) and **Nicole Makris** (DU/CU); and fundraiser **Chris Kiser** (CU/CSU).